

U. H. J. of his Religion, but if Laws for the Preservation of the Peace & Tranquility of this Province without Infringing the Rights or Priviledges of any Particular Person be Accounted Persecution, then we must Confess ourselves a persecuteing Administration, but that the Consequence of such a notion must needs be that all wholesome Laws made for the Preservation of life or Property wou'd for the same Reason be Deemed a persecution of Felons & murtherers, A Principle of so horrid and Salvage a nature in itself that every Comunity of Reasonable Creatures will Explode it as Destructive of all civill Society

- p. 30 As to the Proceedings against a particular person mentioned in the Act for the better Supporting of Magistrates &c. We are Inclined to believe that no other Circumstance than that of Condemning a Person unheard would have prevailed to the Repeal of that Act which their Lordships in a Just Regard of the Rights and Liberties of an English Subject Cou'd not in prudence Justify after some Eminent Practitioners in the Law had given their Opinions that It was Arbitrary and Illegal Altho we have but Just Reason to Suspect that the party therein Charged having a Just Apprehension of his own Demeritts forbore making any application in our house, lest if he had been Condemn'd here, his Project had been Defeated in Designing to Clamour in England against the Justice of the Act, which Design Manifestly Appears by his Artfull Management in Deferring his Petition to the lower house untill after the bill had been Engrossed there (which if we are not misinformed was the Answer of that house to him, And the
- p. 31 Foundation of his Complaint in England that he was Condemned unheard.)

The Propagation of Learning And with it the Principles of Christianity in this Remote Part of the World is a Subject Worthy the Consideration of all good and Pious Christians. But forasmuch as all our Funds now settled fall short of the End Designed, we are by such Incapacity made so much the more Sensible of our misfortune That the Revenue arising from the Duty of One penny p pound on Tobacco Exported out of this Province is wholly applyed to the maintenance and Support of a Colledge of Learning in Virginia which the youth of this Province Reap no manner of Benefitt by Altho' we are much worse Provided with Private Schools than that Colony. Wherefore we Cannot upon this Occasion help Expressing our Desires that some proper & Dutiful Application were made to his Sacred Majesty, whose Gracious and Bountiful Liberality hath Diffused itself into all, even the Remotest Parts of his Majestys Dominions, That his Majesty woud be pleased to appropriate so much of the said one penny p