

persons, one of whom shall be an experienced civil engineer, and three of whom shall be experienced physicians, to be appointed by the Governor, with the advice and consent of the Senate, and a secretary, as prescribed; these five, together with the Attorney-General of the State, and the Commissioner of Health of the city of Baltimore, who shall be ex-officio members, shall constitute the said Board of Health. (P. G. L., Article 43, section 1.)

The Governor shall appoint, with the advice and consent of the Senate, a chief of a bureau to collect statistics and information concerning the various branches of industry practiced in this State, and the needs thereof, and the abuses which exist therein, and the chief of said bureau shall make full report thereof to the General Assembly at each session thereof. (P. G. L., Article 89, section 1.)

The Governor is to be consulted by the Treasurer and State Comptroller in all investments for the State sinking fund. (Acts of 1884, chapters 383 and 419.)

The Governor shall report to the General Assembly at each regular session thereof, the amount of money expended by him in support of deaf and dumb persons in the Maryland Institute for the Deaf and Dumb. (P. G. L., Article 30, section 6.)

The Attorney General's selection of counsel to assist in discovering the legal effect and status of the compact of 1785, between Maryland and Virginia, must have the approval of the Governor. (Acts 1884, chapter 354.)

The Governor shall appoint five general measurers of oysters for Baltimore, and one for each of the ports of the State. They are paid 10 cents, by the seller on every hundred bushels measured. (P. G. L., Article 72, section 58.)

The Governor shall take prompt measures to suppress contagious or infectious diseases among cattle. (P. G. L., Article 58, section 3.)

The Governor shall appoint three persons, two physicians and one practical business man, who with the Secretary of the State Board of Health and the Governor are to form a board to inquire into the practicability of draining marshy lands and cultivating eucalyptus trees in malarious districts. (Acts of 1884, chapter 357.)