

SEC. 4. *And be it enacted*, That if any justice of the peace, having qualified as such, shall except of any office under the government of the United States, and shall still act as a justice of the peace, he shall forfeit and pay for every such offence the sum of forty dollars, to be recovered before a justice of the peace in the name of the state, one-half to the informer and the other half to be applied to the use of the county.

Penalty for accepting office under the general government &c.

CHAPTER 94.

An additional SUPPLEMENT to the ACT,* entitled, an Act respecting the Equity Jurisdiction of the County Courts. * 1791, ch. 78.

See note to 1785, ch. 72, ante page 208.

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That the several county courts of this state may exercise original equity jurisdiction in all cases in which the court of chancery has now power to act, in the same manner that they now exercise equity jurisdiction by virtue of the act to which this is a supplement.

Equity jurisdiction may be exercised by county courts.

By 1815, ch. 163, the several county courts are vested with all the powers, &c. which can be exercised by the chancellor, whether derived from the common law, or in virtue of any statute or act of assembly.

SEC. 2. *And be it enacted*, That each of the judges of the several judicial districts of this state, during vacation, shall have the same power to grant and enforce, within their respective judicial districts, writs of injunction, in the same manner, and with the same limitation, as the chancellor of the state can or may exercise.

Judges may grant writs of injunction.

By 1815, ch. 163, the several judges in vacation may grant injunctions and direct any rule, order or interlocutory decree, to be entered.

SEC. 3. *And be it enacted*, That it shall be the duty of some one of the associate judges of the several judicial districts of this state, to attend at the court-house of the several counties in their several judicial districts, at some day between the several sessions of their court, who shall have power to make all necessary orders touching any subject matter in the said respective courts, upon the equity side, brought or depending therein; and it shall be the duty of the several clerks of the several counties in this state, to attend the said judge on the said days, who shall make due entry of all such matters and things as shall or may be ordered as aforesaid by the said judge; and the several county courts in this state are hereby instructed, at their first court next after the passage of this act, to appoint the several days on which the said judge shall attend as aforesaid, which said days shall be as nearly as may be equi-distant between the terms of the several and respective county courts.

Orders relative to subject matter of adjudication

By 1815, ch. 163, the county courts in their discretion may appoint intermediate terms, to which process shall be returnable.