

STATUTES.—*Continued.*

5. Here, as the sovereignty belongs to the people only, our Government is limited, as well by its nature as by special constitutional restrictions. *Ib.*
  6. The General Assembly can pass no law impairing the obligation of contracts, or injuriously affecting the right of private property; or exercise any authority whatever beyond its own sphere as a Legislature. *Ib.*
  7. Private Acts of Assembly operate here like conveyances, binding only on the parties, and are valid only in so far as they do not conflict with the Constitution. *Ib.*
- See DEBTOR AND CREDITOR, 14.  
EVIDENCE, 2.

## SURETY.

- The principles of law and equity in relation to principal and surety.  
*Watkins v. Worthington*, 486.
- See CONTRACT, 3.  
DEBTOR AND CREDITOR, 7, 8, 76.

## SURVEY.

- See LAND WARRANT.  
PRACTICE, 42, 43, 50.  
SALE, 8.

## TIME.

- Where it becomes necessary to determine the day on which an event happened, and the proof only designates a space of time within which it happened, the middle of that space is assumed as the day on which it took place. *Contee v. Dawson*, 248.

## TRUSTS AND TRUSTEES.

1. Where trustees under a will, not having authority to sell, refuse to act, on a bill, making such trustees and the *cestuis que trust* parties, another trustee may be appointed. *Winder v. Diffenderffer*, 155.
2. The trustee, having the profits of the estate in his hands, ordered to pay the auditor's fees. *Ib.*
3. A decree for a partition among devisees, the costs to be paid by each in proportion to his share; and a decree to account for the rents and profits against the trustee by whom it was held. *Ib.*
4. A part of the property, appearing by the return of the commissioners to be incapable of partition without loss, decreed to be sold. *Ib.*
5. Commissions allowed to a trustee, as a compensation for his skill and trouble, are not to be lessened or withheld because of conduct in respect to which he had been charged with interest. *Ib.*
6. An account allowing to the trustee a commission of ten per cent. on collections and disbursements ratified. *Ib.*
7. Where an estate has been devised to be sold to pay debts, the trustee who has accepted the trust, may be ordered to proceed accordingly, and to sell, as directed by the will, real estate lying out of this State. *Campbell's Case*, 195.
8. Trustees, on failing to give bond as required, may be removed, and another trustee appointed. *Ib.*
9. A trustee held liable for all the consequences of a violation of his trust. *Contee v. Dawson*, 248.