

- 1 Chief Quartermaster.
- 1 Chief Gunner's Mate.
- 1 Chief Yeoman.
- 3 Hospital Stewards.

1908, ch. 103, sec. 31.

30. At any time upon the report of and recommendation of the brigade commander, that any company or separate organization is not up to the proper standard of numbers (minimum of forty), efficiency or discipline, the commander-in-chief may, in his discretion, muster out of service such company or separate organization so reported inefficient, and thereupon the commissions of all the officers of such company or separate organization shall be vacated; and at any time upon the report and recommendation of the adjutant general, after an inspection by him ordered or made of any divisions of the naval brigade, that such divisions so inspected is not up to the proper standard of efficiency or discipline, the commander-in-chief may, in his discretion, muster out of the service such divisions so reported inefficient, and thereupon the commissions of all officers of such divisions shall be vacated.

1908, ch. 103, sec. 32.

31. All officers shall, upon their elections or appointment, be commissioned by the governor, at his discretion, on probation, but no one shall be permanently commissioned unless the conditions set forth in the next two sections have been complied with, and no one shall be recognized as an officer unless he shall have been so commissioned.

1908, ch. 103, sec. 33.

32. Commissioned officers must be citizens of the United States, of the age of twenty-one years and upwards. No person who has been expelled or dishonorably discharged from any military organizations of any State shall be commissioned unless he has re-enlisted and served as provided in this chapter. No person shall be commissioned unless he shall possess the additional requirements herein prescribed for the particular office to which he is to be commissioned. A brigadier general at the time of his election must be an officer in active service in the national guard of this State, of the grade of field officer, or have been in active service in said national guard as a field officer, or in the service of the army or marine corps of the United States as a field officer. A colonel of a regiment, at the time of his election, must either be an officer in active service in the national guard of this State, or, if not in active service at the time of his election, must have had prior service of at least three years in the national guard of this State, or in the army or marine corps of the United States, or in all combined as commissioned officer. A lieutenant colonel and major of the line at the time of his election must either be an officer in active service, and for two successive years immediately preceding his election must have been in active service in the national guard of this or