

than in the name of and as the agent or employee of his said employer. The broker for whom any such solicitor shall act under such license may place any insurance procured by or through said solicitor in any company and in the same manner and to the same extent as if said business had been procured or negotiated directly by said broker employing said solicitor.

1916, ch. 257, sec. 219B.

219B. Any duly authorized broker of any other State of the United States or of the District of Columbia, residing outside of this State, may negotiate any contract or contracts of insurance within this State or on property located within this State to the same extent, and on the same terms and upon the payment of the same fees as are or shall be required, demanded or exacted by any such State or the District of Columbia, of or from citizens of this State negotiating or transacting a like business in any such State or the District of Columbia.

1904, art. 23, sec. 201. 1894, ch. 377. 1900, ch. 740, sec. 143C.
1916, ch. 257, sec. 220.

220. Any person who shall use or exercise within this State the business or occupation of an insurance broker or broker's solicitor, as the case may be, without having procured a license therefor, as required by Sections 218, 219, 219A and 219B of this Article, and each person who employs, and each member of any partnership, and each officer of any corporation having authority to employ agents, clerks and solicitors, who shall employ or permit the employment or receive or accept the services of any broker's solicitor until a license in each such case shall have been duly issued as provided in Section 219A, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be subject to a penalty of Five Hundred dollars for each such offense, one-half for the use of the State and the other half to the informer.

See notes to this section in volume 1 of the Annotated Code.

Fire Marshal.

222.

See sections 178A and 178B.

228.

To the note to this section on page 234 of volume 3 of the code, add *Keller v. State*, 122 Md. 682.

Fraternal Societies, Orders or Associations.

1912, ch. 824, sec. 3A. 1916, ch. 343, sec. 231.

231. *Representative Form of Government Defined.* Any such Association shall be deemed to have a representative form of government when it shall provide in its constitution and laws for a supreme legislative or governing body, composed of representatives elected either by