

The acceptance, receiving, carrying, transferring, handling, delivery or distribution of intoxicating liquor under false or fictitious names in any Anti-Saloon Territory shall work a forfeiture of such liquor.

It is further expressly provided that no provision of this section is intended or shall be construed to violate or be in conflict with any provision of the Constitution and Laws of the United States, respecting interstate commerce, but this section and all parts of the same are intended to prohibit the acceptance, receiving, carrying, transferring, handling, delivery or distribution, as herein provided, of intoxicating liquor to such extent only as the same is not expressly permitted under the Constitution and Laws of the United States.

If any provision of this section shall be held to be void or unconstitutional it is hereby provided, that all other portions of same which are not expressly held to be void or unconstitutional shall continue in full force and effect.

Crown v. State, 130 Md. 364. *Poisel v. Cash*, 130 Md. 373.

1916, ch. 340, sec. 20A.

134. Whenever the Sheriff of Carroll County, or one of his deputies, or one of the constables of Carroll County shall have reasonable cause to believe that any person is handling, carrying or bringing into Carroll County, while the same shall be Anti-Saloon Territory, intoxicating liquor, regardless of the name by which the same may be called, in quantity exceeding one gallon, for his own personal use or for any purpose whatsoever, it shall be the duty of said sheriff, deputy sheriff or constable, without a warrant first having been issued, to search the personal baggage of such person believed to be handling, carrying or bringing into Carroll County, while the same is Anti-Saloon Territory, such intoxicating liquor, and if any person be found to be handling, bringing or carrying into Carroll County, while the same is Anti-Saloon Territory any intoxicating liquor exceeding in quantity one gallon, it shall be the duty of said sheriff, deputy sheriff or constable to arrest such person with or without a warrant and take him before some Justice of the Peace in and for Carroll County, having criminal jurisdiction, and make against him the charge of violating the provisions of this Act.

1914, ch. 492, sec. 21.

135. All prosecutions for violations of this Act, which are hereby declared to be misdemeanors, may be either upon presentment or indictment, or by trial before a justice of the peace having criminal jurisdiction, who shall have jurisdiction original and concurrent with the Circuit Court of Carroll County; and the said justice shall have the power to issue all process, and to do all acts which may be necessary to the exercise of his said jurisdiction, and may try and determine all cases whereof he may have jurisdiction, and may pronounce judgment and sentence therein in the same manner and to the same extent as the Circuit Court of Carroll County could do in such cases, if such cases were tried before said court