

such work done in obedience to the ordinances of the corporation, the burgess and commissioners may contract, on reasonable terms, for such work, and recover the expense thereof, with costs, by distress on the property.

1910, ch. 70, sec. 123. 1918 Code, sec. 178.

168. The burgess shall appoint, with the consent and approval of the commissioners, a town constable, who within the limits of the corporation shall have all the powers of a constable, except in civil process; he shall also appoint, with the consent and approval of the commissioners, a town treasurer, who shall give such bond to the corporation as shall be fixed by ordinance, to whom all public moneys shall be paid by the persons and officers authorized to collect the same, and by whom all debts and salaries due from the corporation and claims against it shall be paid, but only on the order of the board approved by the burgess or over his veto, as provided by Section 173 of this subtitle, and he shall keep an accurate account of all public moneys received and disbursed by him and report to the commissioners at each regular meeting of the board the financial condition of the town, and ten days before the annual election he shall make a general statement to the commissioners of all the public moneys received and disbursed during the preceding year, which shall be published by the commissioners five days before the said annual election in some newspaper published in the town or by typewritten copies set up at not less than four of the most public places in the said town, and the burgess shall also appoint, with the consent and approval of the commissioners, a collector of taxes imposed by the corporation, who shall have power to collect the same by distraint upon either real or personal property, and the term of office of the said constable, the said town treasurer and the said tax collector, shall be one year, unless sooner removed as provided in Section 173 of this subtitle, and the compensation of each shall be allowed and shall be fixed by ordinance.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 11, sec. 124. 1918 Code, sec. 179.

169. The said collector, before making any distress for taxes, shall leave with the party by whom the taxes are to be paid, or at his usual place of abode, or on the property, if the party does not reside in the town, a statement showing the aggregate amount of taxes due thereon, with a notice annexed to said statement, that unless the taxes so due are paid within thirty days thereafter, the collector will proceed by way of distress or execution to collect the same.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 11, sec. 125. 1918 Code, sec. 180.

170. If, after giving thirty days notice, as directed in the preceding section, the said taxes are not paid, the collector shall levy upon either the real or personal property of the delinquent, and sell the same at public sale, either on the premises or at some public place in said town, having first given at least ten days notice, in writing or print, of the time and place of such sale in a number of the most public places in said town.