

oned in the county jail for thirty days; and on the second and every subsequent conviction, not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, and in addition to such fine, be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than sixty nor more than ninety days, in the discretion of the court; and on failure to pay any such fine as herein described, he or they shall remain in the jail of said county after the term of imprisonment until such fine and costs are paid; one-half of the fine imposed for the violation of this section shall go to the informer, and the residue to the board of school commissioners of said county for the benefit of the public schools therein.

1908, ch. 76 (p. 977).

**290.** It shall not be lawful for any person, house, corporation, company or association, to solicit, take or receive, at any place within the limits of Queen Anne's county, any order, or orders, for the purchase or delivery of any spirituous, fermented or intoxicating liquors of any origin whatever, or alcoholic bitters, and any person, house, corporation, company or association violating the provisions of this section shall, on conviction thereof, forfeit and pay on the first conviction a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than three hundred dollars, and the costs of prosecution, and be imprisoned in the county jail for thirty days; and on the second and every subsequent conviction, not less than one hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, and costs of prosecution, and be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than sixty nor more than ninety days; and in default of the payment of such fine and costs, he or they shall remain in the said county jail after his or their term of imprisonment until such fine and costs are paid. One-half of any fine imposed for the violation of this section shall go to the informer and the residue (or if no informer, the whole fine) to the Board of School Commissioners of said county for the use of the public schools therein. All prosecutions for violations of this section may be either upon presentment and indictment, or by a trial before a justice of the peace of said county, in the way and manner prescribed and provided for in Sections 294 and 295.

P. L. L., 1888, Art. 18, sec. 197. 1882, chs. 144 and 307.

**291.** Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent the compounding or sale of any such liquors for medicinal purposes, by a pharmacist or druggist, who shall or may obtain a license under the license laws of this State, and upon a written *bona fide* prescription of a regular practising physician, whose name shall be signed thereto; and all such prescriptions shall be filed and kept by such pharmacist or druggist, and no prescription shall serve for more than one purchase; but no physician shall make or sign any such prescription unless the person for whom it is made is actually sick, and such liquor is absolutely necessary as a medicine; any physician who shall make or sign any prescription for such liquor, except as aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of a violation of this section, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than fifty dollars nor