

Injunctions.

64. Interpretation; public policy.

65-67. Injunctions prohibited in connection with certain labor disputes; limitation on personal liability.

68-72. Interpretation; policy of State; in-

junctions not to be issued in certain labor disputes; proviso.

73-74. Contempt for violation of injunction; penalty.

75. Rules of construction; definitions.

76. Saving clause.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 1. 1912, sec. 1. 1904, sec. 1. 1888, sec. 1. 1888, ch. 455.

1. No corporation or manufacturing company engaged in manufacturing either cotton or woolen yarns, fabrics or domestics of any kind, incorporated under the laws of this State, and no officer, agent or servant of such named corporation or manufacturing company, and no person or firm owning or operating such corporation or manufacturing company within the limits of this State, and no agent or servant of such firm or person shall require, permit or suffer his, its or their employees in its, his or their service, or under his, its or their control to work for more than ten hours during each or any day of twenty-four hours for one full day's work and shall make no contract or agreement with such employees or any of them providing that they or he shall work for more than ten hours for one day's work during each or any day of twenty-four hours and said ten hours shall constitute one full day's work.

This section cited in upholding validity of Oregon statute limiting hours of labor of *women* employed in laundries. *Muller v. Oregon*, 208 U. S. 419.

As to the hours of duty of operators of the block system on railroads, see art. 23, secs. 261 and 263.

As to the hours of work in tobacco warehouses, see art. 48, sec. 15.

As to the time to be allowed employees to vote, see art. 33, sec. 135.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 2. 1912, sec. 2. 1904, sec. 2. 1888, sec. 2. 1888, ch. 455.

2. Any such named corporation or manufacturing company within the limits of this State shall be allowed, under the provisions of this section, the privilege of working male employees, over the age of twenty-one years over the limit of ten hours for the express purpose only of making repairs and improvements and getting fires made, steam up and the machinery ready for use in their works, which can not be done during the limit of the ten hours; the extra compensation for all such work to be settled between such corporation and manufacturing companies and the employees; provided that nothing in this article shall be so construed as to prohibit any employer from making a contract with his male employees, over the age of twenty-one years, to work by the hour for such time as may be agreed upon.

An. Code, 1924, sec. 3. 1912, sec. 3. 1904, sec. 3. 1888, sec. 3. 1888, ch. 455.

3. If any such corporation or manufacturing company within the limits of this State or any officer, agent or servant of such corporation or manufacturing company in this State shall do any act in violation of any of the provisions of this article he or they shall be deemed to have been guilty of misdemeanor and shall, on conviction thereof in a court of competent jurisdiction, be fined not less than one hundred dollars for each and every offense so committed, together with the cost of such prosecution, one-half of said fine to go to the informer and one-half to the school fund of the county in which said offense shall have been committed.

As to abolition of informer's fees, see Art. 38, sec. 3.