

## APPRAISEMENT, INVENTORY, AND LIST OF DEBTS.

Art 99, s 8,  
1820, c 174, s 7  
When administrator to return list of debts due by decedent

Sworn to by administrator

Subsequent returns

Certified copy of list of debts, *prima facie* evidence as to deficiency of assets

Id s 9  
1820, c 174, s 8  
Lists not evidence of justice of controverted claim

Id s 204  
1798, c 101,  
sub-c 6, s 1  
Inventory to be returned by administrator  
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Id s 205  
1798, c 101,  
sub-c 6, s 2  
When warrant to appraisers to be issued

Id s 206  
1798, c 101,  
sub-s 6, s 2  
Form of warrant

**122.** Every administrator may, within one year after the date of his letters, return to the Orphans' Court a list of the debts due from his decedent, which may be made known to him, stating the principal and the time at which interest is to commence on each respective debt, to which list of debts shall be annexed the oath of the administrator that the same is a correct list of the debts due from his decedent, so far as the said debts have come to his knowledge; and every six months thereafter, until the estate may be finally settled, a similar return may be made of such debts as shall come to the knowledge of the administrator within that period, which list of debts shall be recorded by the register of wills, and a copy thereof, certified under the hand of the register, and the seal of his office, shall be *prima facie* evidence of the amount of debts due by the decedent in any court where the administrator alleges that he has not assets sufficient to discharge the claim in controversy, or any part thereof

**123.** Such lists shall not afford any evidence of the justice or correctness of any claim therein, when controverted by the administrator in any suit instituted for the recovery of such debt, nor shall the same be construed to take any debt out of the operation of any plea of limitation

**124.** In every case wherein letters testamentary, or of administration, or of collection, are granted, in order that all persons interested in the personal estate may have an opportunity of knowing as nearly as may be the amount of the same, an inventory (in case the estate lies in one county, or can conveniently be collected together) or inventories (in case the property lies in more than one county, or cannot conveniently be collected together) shall be returned to the office granting the administration.

**125.** And on granting letters testamentary, or of administration, or of collection, a warrant or warrants shall issue under the seal of office, authorizing two persons of discretion not related to the deceased, nor interested in the administration, to appraise the goods, chattels, and personal estate of the deceased, known to them, or to be shown by the executor, or administrator, or collector.

**126.** The following shall be the form of the warrant: "The State of Maryland, to ——— and ———, greeting: This is to authorize you jointly to appraise the goods, chattels, and personal estate of ——— late of ———, deceased, so far as they shall come to your sight or knowledge, each of you having first taken the oath hereto annexed, a certificate whereof you are to return annexed to an inventory of the said goods, chattels, and personal estate, by you appraised in dollars and cents; and in the same inventory you are to set down in a column or columns opposite to each article, the value thereof. Witness A. B., chief judge of the Orphans' Court of ——— county Test, C. D., register of wills for ——— county."