

become a fugitive from justice from such country or state, on account of the commission of such crime, shall be permitted to vote in this state. This disqualification shall not extend to any offence of a political nature, nor to any offence which would not be considered felonious or infamous in this state.

11. No judge of any court of law or equity, secretary of state, attorney-general, state auditor, state or county treasurer, register, or recorder, clerk of any court of record, sheriff, coroner, member of congress, or other person holding any lucrative office under the United States or of this state, militia officers, justices of the peace, and postmasters excepted, shall be eligible to either house of the general assembly.

12. No person who now is, or hereafter may be, a collector or holder of public money, nor any assistant or deputy of such collector or holder of public money, shall be eligible to either house of the general assembly, nor to any office of profit or trust, unless he shall, prior to his election or appointment, have accounted for and paid all sums for which he may be accountable.

13. No person, while he continues to exercise the functions of a bishop, priest, or clergyman, or teacher of any religious persuasion, denomination, society, or sect whatever, shall be eligible to the office of governor, lieutenant-governor, or to either house of the general assembly, nor to the office of judge in any court of record.

14. The general assembly shall have power to exclude from every office of honour, trust, or profit, within this state, and from the right of suffrage, all persons convicted of bribery or other infamous crime.

15. Every person who shall directly or indirectly give, or offer any bribe to procure his election or appointment to any office, or the election or appointment of any other person, shall, on conviction, be disqualified for an elector, and for any office of honour, profit, or trust under this state.

16. No senator or representative shall, during the term for which he shall have been elected, be appointed to any civil office under this state, during said term, except such offices as shall be filled by elections by the people.

17. The general assembly shall have power to pass laws regulating proceedings in cases of contested elections of senators and representatives. Each house shall appoint its own officers, and shall judge of the qualifications, elections, and returns of its own members. A majority of each house shall constitute a quorum to do business, but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may compel the attendance of absent members, in such manner, and under such penalties, as each house may provide.

18. Each house may determine the rules of its proceedings, punish its members for disorderly behaviour, and with the concurrence of two-thirds of all the members elected, expel any member, but no member shall be expelled a second time for the same cause. They shall each, from time to time, publish a journal of their proceedings, except such parts as may in their opinion require secrecy; and the yeas and nays on any question shall be entered on the journal at the desire of any five members.