

by a physician, and such other proof as may be required by the rules of the Commission.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That Sections 43, 44, 49, 51, 58 and 62, of Article 101 (C 1) of the Annotated Code of Maryland, be and the same are hereby repealed and re-enacted, with amendments, so as to read as follows:

43. Should a further accident occur to an employee already receiving payment under this Act for a disability, or who has been previously the recipient of a lump sum payment under this Act, his future compensation shall be adjusted according to the other provisions of this Act, and with regard to the combined effect of his injuries and his past receipt of compensation under this Act. In case of the remarriage of a dependent widow of a deceased employee, without dependent children at the time of the remarriage, she shall receive compensation for one year after the date of her remarriage, provided there is so much of the compensation previously awarded her outstanding. No widow or widower shall receive any benefits under this Act where the marriage shall have taken place after the person entitled to benefits hereunder shall have been injured, provided there are no dependent children.

If aggravation, diminution or termination of disability takes place or be discovered after the rate of compensation shall have been established or compensation terminated in any case, the Commission may, upon the application of any party in interest or upon its own motion, readjust for future application the rate of compensation in accordance with rules in this section provided, or in a proper case, terminate the payments.

A husband or wife of an injured employee, who has deserted said employee for more than one year prior to the time of the injury or subsequently shall not be a beneficiary under this Act.

44. If a beneficiary shall reside or remove out of the United States, and shall have been such non-resident for a period of one year, the Commission may, in its discretion, convert any payments thereafter to become due to such beneficiary into a lump sum payment, not in any case to exceed twenty-four hundred dollars, by paying a sum equal to three-fourths of the then value of such payments.