

Local Laws of Maryland (1930 Edition), title "Baltimore County", sub-title "County Commissioners", as said section was enacted by Chapter 132 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland at the Regular Session of 1937, be, and the same is hereby, repealed and re-enacted, with amendments, to read as follows:

127A. (1) The County Commissioners of Baltimore County hereafter, when making up their regular annual County levy, are hereby authorized to levy annually on all the assessable property liable to taxation by said Commissioners a sum not to exceed Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) per annum, to be expended in the discretion of said Commissioners for hospitalization of indigent and destitute bona fide residents of said County, at a rate not exceeding Four Dollars (\$4.00) per day per patient.

(2) And the County Commissioners of Baltimore County are further authorized and empowered to enter into any agreements, contracts or undertakings with the State of Maryland, the United States of America or any agency thereof, or any other person, firm or corporation, with respect to any necessary matters pertaining to a public hospital in Baltimore County, including specifically, but not by way of limitation, agreements relating to erection, construction, loans, land purchases, and other necessary matters in connection therewith.

(3) The County Commissioners of Baltimore County are also authorized and empowered to employ or to authorize the employment of such personnel as may be deemed necessary and proper for the operation and maintenance of any public hospital so constructed on such terms as it may determine, and to provide for and authorize the payment of salaries and expenses in connection with the operation, maintenance and outfitting of said hospital, to levy such sum or sums on the assessable property of Baltimore County as shall be necessary to pay said salaries, and any expenses incurred in connection with powers granted under this Act.

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That this Act is hereby declared to be an emergency law and necessary for the immediate preservation of the public health and safety, and having been passed by a ye and nay vote, supported by three-fifths of all the members elected to each of the two Houses of the General Assembly, the same shall take effect from the date of its passage.

Approved May 4, 1943.