

compensation, or who shall fail to secure insurance by one of such methods or who fails to pay compensation to an injured employee, or in the case of death, his dependents, in accordance with the award of the Commission, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be subject to a fine of not less than five hundred nor more than five thousand dollars or by imprisonment for not more than one year, or by both such fine or imprisonment; and in any case where the employer is a corporation, the officer of the corporation having responsibility for the general management of the corporation in the State shall be liable to such fine and imprisonment as herein provided. Any fine levied against any employer failing or refusing to secure insurance as required by this article shall be paid into the State treasury and credited to the Commission, and be used for the payment, in whole or in part, of any award made against said employer by the Commission. All disbursements shall be made in the same manner as other monies of the Commission are disbursed. Any part of said fine not required for payment of an award as herein provided shall be transferred to the general treasury. The court may remit any such penalty only if the employer in default assures the compensation as provided in the section, and has paid or secured to be paid any compensation or other benefits under this article which may have been awarded against him.

(c) Any such employer who may wish to adopt any one of the methods mentioned in the preceding paragraphs for assuring the payment of compensation to his employees and their dependents, shall first submit to the Workmen's Compensation Commission the method he wishes to adopt. The said Commission may approve or reject the method proposed. If rejected, the employer may submit another method authorized under this article. The said Commission may from time to time revise or alter its decision approving the election of an employer to adopt any of the methods of assuring payment of the compensation as provided for in this article, if such action is reasonably necessary to secure and safeguard such payments to employees or for the diminishing and prevention of accidents. Any action of the Commission for the purpose of diminishing or preventing accidents shall not apply to public service corporations under the jurisdiction of the Public Service Commission. Any decision of said Commission under this section or § 15 of this article may be reviewed in the circuit court for the county in which the employer may reside or in any of the common law courts of Baltimore City, if the employer resides in Baltimore City.

(d) Any employer, subject to the provisions of this article, who fails or refuses to insure voluntarily