

employer] to the recipient designated by the court. ]] The court may order a lien upon the earnings of the defendant in the amount so specified and the employer is required to deduct that amount as soon as notified by the court. All such deductions are to be paid directly by the employer to the recipient designated by the court. THE EMPLOYER MAY DEDUCT AN ADDITIONAL DOLLAR FOR EACH PAYMENT MADE UNDER THE ORDER.

(3) In addition to providing for the support and maintenance of the child, the order also may require the defendant to pay all or any part of the mother's medical and hospital expense for her pregnancy, confinement, and recovery[, ] and for the funeral expenses if the child has died or dies[; ] and [in addition thereto, ] may award counsel fees to the attorney representing the complainant or petitioner. Costs shall be awarded as in other civil cases in accordance with Rule 604 of the Maryland Rules of Practice and Procedure[; provided, ] EXCEPT that the court, in its discretion, may order that all or any part of the costs shall be paid by the county or City of Baltimore, as the case may be, where the proceedings were instituted.

66-I.

The court may direct that the payments of the sums provided for by [the] ANY order UNDER THIS SUBTITLE shall be made to the mother or to such person as the court may deem proper, but if the child is or is likely to become a public charge on a county or city of this State, the court may direct such sums to be paid to the [welfare official of such county or city] DIVISION OF CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT OF THE SOCIAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION for the support and maintenance of the child.

66J.

(c) If the father dies after the passage of an order declaring him to be the father of [said] A child [and/or] OR requiring him to make payments for the support and maintenance of the child, the court, upon the suggestion of the death of the father, may summon the personal representative and heirs of the father, the sureties upon his bond, if any, and the mother or other person having charge of [said] THE child. Upon proof being offered to the court of the amount of the estate of the decedent, the court may direct and order such sum or sums [to be paid to the mother or to such person or welfare official] as the court deems proper for the support and maintenance of the child TO BE PAID out of the decedent's estate. [In no case, however, may] HOWEVER, the court MAY NOT order the payment of a sum in excess of one half the amount that each of the decedent's legitimate children, if any, would receive, or more than one half the amount the descendants, if any, of a deceased legitimate child would receive as a class, if the decedent had died leaving a legitimate child or