

to pay extra compensation for guide dogs, provided he may be liable for any damages done to the premises or facilities by his dog.

Article 56 - Licenses

192.

(A) If the application shall disclose and the clerk be satisfied that the dog for which the license is sought is a "dog guide," trained to aid the blind or deaf or [audio handicapped] HEARING IMPAIRED, as the case may be, and actually in use for such purpose, the license therefor shall be issued without the payment of any fee and the clerk shall inscribe across the face of the license in red ink the words "dog guide." [If the dog, for which the license is sought, is to aid the deaf or audio handicapped, the "dog guide" must have received at least 3 months training in a professional training school for guide dogs to assist the deaf or audio handicapped. In lieu of a certificate from a professional training school, an affidavit may be filed with the application that the dog for which the license is sought has received the required training to aid the deaf or audio handicapped. A "dog guide" license for the deaf or audio handicapped shall be orange in color.]

(B) (1) IF THE DOG FOR WHICH THE LICENSE IS SOUGHT IS TO AID THE DEAF OR HEARING IMPAIRED, THE APPLICATION SHALL BE ACCOMPANIED BY AN AFFIDAVIT FROM THE OWNER OR OWNERS STATING THAT THE DOG FOR WHICH THE LICENSE IS SOUGHT HAS BEEN TRAINED TO AID THE DEAF OR HEARING IMPAIRED. FORMS FOR AFFIDAVITS REQUIRED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE MADE AVAILABLE BY THE LOCAL LICENSING AGENCY IN EACH SUBDIVISION.

(2) THE DOG GUIDE TO AID THE DEAF OR HEARING IMPAIRED SHALL BE ISSUED AN ORANGE LICENSE TAG IN ADDITION TO THE TAG ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION 191. THE ORANGE TAG SHALL BE LABELED "HEARING EAR DOG." PURSUANT TO ARTICLE 41, SECTION 231M, THE DEPARTMENT OF GENERAL SERVICES SHALL PURCHASE THE ORANGE TAGS AND MAKE THEM AVAILABLE TO THE COUNTIES UPON REIMBURSEMENT FOR THE COST OF THE TAGS.

Article - Transportation

21-511.

(a) (1) At any highway crossing or intersection where traffic is not regulated by a police officer or traffic control signal, a blind or partially blind pedestrian has the right-of-way if:

(i) Before attempting to cross, he extends before him at arm's length, a white cane, a cane that is white tipped with red, or a chrome, nickel, aluminum, or other reflecting or shining metal cane; or

(ii) He is accompanied by a guide dog.