

Subsection (b)(3), (4), and (5) of this section is new language added merely for convenient cross-reference to the exceptions to the licensing requirement of former Art. 75 1/2, § 19(2) and (5).

In subsection (a) of this section, the reference to being "licensed" is substituted for the former references to being "registered" to conform to the terminology used throughout this article. See the General Revisor's Note to this article.

As to the authority of a professional engineer to practice engineering through a corporation or partnership, see § 14-401 of this title.

Defined terms: "Board" § 14-101
 "Practice engineering" § 14-101
 "Professional engineer" § 14-101

14-302. PRACTICE BY CORPORATE OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES.

(A) WORK FOR FEDERAL GOVERNMENT.

AN OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE OF A CORPORATION MAY PRACTICE ENGINEERING WITHOUT A LICENSE IF:

(1) THE CORPORATION IS ENGAGED IN RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING FOR THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT; AND

(2) THE WORK OF THE OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE RELATES TO THAT RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT ENGINEERING.

(B) MANUFACTURING AND INDUSTRIAL WORK.

AN OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE OF A CORPORATION MAY PRACTICE ENGINEERING WITHOUT A LICENSE IF:

(1) THE CORPORATION IS ENGAGED IN:

(I) MANUFACTURING;

(II) INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES;

(III) INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING; OR

(IV) MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF STRUCTURES OR EQUIPMENT USED IN INDUSTRIAL PROCESSES OR MANUFACTURING; AND

(2) THE WORK OF THE OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE RELATES TO THE PRODUCTS OR SYSTEMS OF THE CORPORATION OR ITS SUBSIDIARIES OR AFFILIATES.