

4. ANY HISTORY OF PREVIOUS VIOLATIONS BY THE LICENSEE.

(4) THE SECRETARY SHALL PAY ANY PENALTY COLLECTED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION INTO THE GENERAL FUND OF THE STATE.

(5) THE SECRETARY SHALL DISTRIBUTE PERIODICALLY TO ALL DEALERS A LIST OF INDIVIDUALS WHOSE LICENSES HAVE BEEN REVOKED IN THE STATE.

(b) (1) If a licensee is charged with a violation of this title that could result in suspension or revocation of the license, or if the Secretary has probable cause to believe that this title has been, or will be, violated through transactions likely to occur pursuant to § 12-206 of this subtitle, the Secretary may seek from a circuit court an immediate restraining order to prohibit the licensee from:

- (i) buying or selling a secondhand precious metal object;
- (ii) disposing of a secondhand precious metal object; or
- (iii) disposing of a record about a secondhand precious metal object.

(2) The restraining order is in effect until:

- (i) the court lifts the order;
- (ii) the charges are adjudicated or dismissed; or
- (iii) in the case of an event held in accordance with § 12-206 of this subtitle, arrangements are made by the licensee which will ensure compliance with the provisions of this title.

(c) The Secretary shall consider the following facts in the granting, denial, renewal, suspension, or revocation of a license or the reprimand of a licensee when an applicant or licensee is convicted of a felony or misdemeanor described in subsection (a)(2)(iv) of this section:

- (1) the nature of the crime;
- (2) the relationship of the crime to the activities authorized by the license;
- (3) with respect to a felony, the relevance of the conviction to the fitness and qualification of the applicant or licensee to act as a pawnbroker or a secondhand precious metal object dealer;
- (4) the length of time since the conviction; and
- (5) the behavior and activities of the applicant or licensee before and after the conviction.