

By proposing an amendment to the Constitution of MarylandArticle III – Legislative DepartmentSection 10

SECTION 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF MARYLAND, (Three-fifths of all the members elected to each of the two Houses concurring), That it be proposed that the Constitution of Maryland read as follows:

Declaration of Rights

Article 33.

That the independency and uprightness of Judges are essential to the impartial administration of Justice, and a great security to the rights and liberties of the People: Wherefore, the Judges shall not be removed, except in the manner, and for the causes provided in this Constitution. No Judge shall hold any other office, civil or military, or political trust, or employment of any kind, whatsoever, under the Constitution or Laws of this State, or of the United States, or any of them; EXCEPT THAT A JUDGE MAY BE A MEMBER OF A RESERVE COMPONENT OF THE ARMED FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES OR A MEMBER OF THE MILITIA OF THE UNITED STATES OR THIS STATE; or receive fees, or perquisites of any kind, for the discharge of his official duties.

Article 35.

That no person shall hold, at the same time, more than one office of profit, created by the Constitution or Laws of this State; nor shall any person in public trust receive any present from any foreign Prince or State, or from the United States, or any of them, without the approbation of this State. The position of Notary Public shall not be considered an office of profit within the meaning of this Article. MEMBERSHIP IN THE MILITIA OF THIS STATE SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED AN OFFICE OF PROFIT WITHIN THE MEANING OF THIS ARTICLE; NOR SHALL ANY REMUNERATION RECEIVED AS A CONSEQUENCE OF MEMBERSHIP IN A RESERVE COMPONENT OF THE ARMED FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES OR OF MEMBERSHIP IN THE MILITIA OF THE UNITED STATES OR OF THIS STATE BE CONSIDERED A PRESENT WITHIN THE MEANING OF THIS ARTICLE.

Article III – Legislative DepartmentSection 10.

No member of Congress, or person holding any civil, or military office under the United States, shall be eligible as a Senator, or Delegate; and if any person shall after his election as Senator, or Delegate, be elected to Congress, or be appointed to any office, civil, or military, under the Government of the United States, his acceptance thereof, shall vacate his seat; EXCEPT THAT A SENATOR OR DELEGATE MAY BE A MEMBER OF A RESERVE COMPONENT OF THE ARMED FORCES OF THE UNITED STATES OR A MEMBER OF THE MILITIA OF THE UNITED STATES OR THIS STATE.