

NEW-YORK, Jan. 9.
NEWBURGH.

At a numerous and respectable meeting of the inhabitants of this county, held at Goshen, on Saturday the 27th day of Dec. last, pursuant to previous notice, JAMES BURT, Esq. Chairman. NATHAN H. WHITE, Esq. Sec. Resolved unanimously, That this meeting highly approve of the administration and measures pursued by Thomas Jefferson, President of the United States.

Resolved, That a committee to consist of twenty-five be appointed to draft and sign a respectful address to be transmitted to Mr. Jefferson, requesting him to stand as a candidate at the next presidential election.

A Committee was accordingly appointed pursuant to the last resolution: the address was drafted and signed, it will be given with the names of the committee hereafter.

RICHMOND, January 9.

A letter from a gentleman in Wood county, to a member of the General Assembly, in this city, contains the following passage:

"I am this moment informed that 1000 of Burr's men are expected down the river immediately. Jacob Wilson is under arrest as an accessory, for high treason, and has been found guilty by the Justices."

From the above letter it would appear, that a serious alarm is prevalent in the western country, with respect to the meditated expedition down the Ohio; and that some of the magistracies of Wood county, from a zealous disposition to aid in its suppression, committed a crime, one of the supposed accomplices.

Mr. Wilson was ostensibly one of the most zealous in expressing his disapprobation of the western conspiracy. He was secretary to the meeting, which passed some resolutions, expressive of their wish to oppose any attempts hostile to the peace of the Union.

American,
AND
Commercial Daily Advertiser.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 14, 1807.

To the Editor of the American.

BELIEVING as I do, that as editor of a public paper, you have ever been actuated by the purest motives of virtue and patriotism; and that you do with myself feel indignant at every attempt to diffuse or weaken the band of union, whether it proceeds from malice or ignorance; I need not apologize for sending you the enclosed remarks, nor point out to you those publications by which they were excited.

Supposing it to be the wish of any foreign nation to weaken or injure the rapidly growing prosperity of the United States, and to prepare and pave the way for effecting such a purpose—would not their first care be to send emissaries amongst us, and would not these emissaries be printers, or editors of newspapers?

What ought to be the principal aim of these men? In the first place they should endeavor to sow dissension amongst the different classes of society—to prejudice the farmer against the merchant, and the artisan against both, if possible—but at all events, create divisions in society. In the next place they ought to discountenance every measure of defence—let the forts be all unguarded; let when the enemy means to invade, they shall find no opposition to landing; and the inhabitants being divided amongst themselves, must become a easy prey. Persuade the British that all the West-India produce brought into the U. States overtaxed above what pays the first cost of our own produce, is foreign property, and that whatever arises from freight and chance of market is good and lawful prize.

That because Great-Britain, having fifty foreign possessions to defend, is under the necessity of maintaining a many fleets and armies, we must not go to the expense of five ships if the line, though our mail is vulnerable and most valuable part is almost entirely unprotected.

That because Great-Britain has made use of the Bank of England in anticipating her taxes, and it has been one great mean of facilitating her wild plans of war; we, forsooth, ought to discourage the banking system.

Although some fools will tell you that until you have foreign possessions to defend, a large fleet can never be wanted; and that it is not the safe, but the abuse of banks, that is at all dangerous—that the abuse of banks by individuals can never endanger the nation; but that the evil will correct itself—that a nation or government will never abuse them until it undertakes foreign wars—that our government has not yet betrayed any such disposition—believe not such idle tales—down with the banks; down with the insurance companies; down with the merchants!

That there are printers in the United States paid for spreading such poisonous doctrines amongst us as the foregoing, is not asserted; but that such doctrines are now preached up, under the specious garb of democracy, is but too true; and whether the design of such men be wicked or charitable, the effect to the nation is equally mischievous; and it becomes the duty of every good man to counteract them.

Although no particular printer is accused of corruption, he is remembered, that while the celebrated J. Rivington was preaching royalty in New-York, he received bribes from us, and gave our commander in chief much useful information.

Therefore, Farmers, Merchants, Mechanics, beware! Trust not the man, whatever his profession, who sows divisions amongst us, and who with us left naked to the attacks of foreign enemies.

From Washington City, January 12, 1807.

The question of a bridge over the Potomack was to have been discussed in Senate this day, but is put on again to this day week.

OFFICIAL.

Appointments by the Governor and Council of Maryland.

THOMAS ROBERTS, Notary Public for the State of Maryland, to reside at the City of Baltimore; vice, GEORGE P. KEENE, Esq. resigned.

LIST

Of the Justices of the Peace and Justices of the Levy Court appointed by the Governor and Council for the ensuing year, for Baltimore County, George G. Prebury, Edward J. Cole, Isaac Van Bibber, George Keringer, Samuel Orin, (of S.) Robert Stewart, Thibault Smith, John Crawford, Francis Snowden, William Duncan.

John T. Worthington, Job Smith, James Carroll, Robert Gorfuch, Thomas Cole, Owen Dorley, Josias Pennington, John Guiton, John Orrick, Thomas Johnson, Thomas Love, Thomas M. Elderry, Samuel H. Hatchel, John Hoffelbaugh, John Bond, Robert Porter, George G. Prebury, jr., William Matthews, Dixon Stanbury, Orlando C. Dorley, Thomas Hillen, George Epaugh, William Johnson, Thomas Lemmon, Thos Gorfuch, (of L.) James Tolly, Wm. C. Goldsmith, Nathaniel Morion, Edward Wood, ear, William Lowry, Theophilus F. Dougherty, Archibald Dorley, Eliza Solters, Thomas H. Howard, Baltzer Schaeffer, Benjamin Wilton, Joshua Anderson, James Wilton, Thomas Cockey, (of T.) Richard Chenoweth, Adam Fornden, John Banker, James Bond, (of Wm.) Henry Trapnall, Samuel Vincent, Thomas W. Griffith, John B. Howard, John Hamilton, Benjamin Jones, Charles Griffin, William Dauglerty.

Levy Court Justices, Robert Gorfuch, Francis Snow, en, John T. Worthington, Thomas Love, Thomas Johnson, Thomas M. Elderry, Thole in Italics are new appointments.

By a late official statement, the American Imports at Liverpool, from the 28th May, to the 21 July, 1806, are as follows: 15351 bags Cotton, 1825 Cow and Ox Hides, 54.4 barrel Turpentine, 1476 barrels Tar, 4.87 hundred Staves, 5.21 logs Maple, &c. 909 Pine Planks, 13.6 Pine Logs, 390 Cedar Logs, 497 chests Sugar, 13361 barrels Flour, 1834 barrels Pot and Pearl Ash, 12000 deals and nails, 37 fathoms lathwood, 1276 hds. Tobacco, 466 Cow and Ox Hides, 2211 tierces Rice, 85 seroons Indigo, 971 hds. Bark, 55 hds. Horn Tips, 376 casks Sumac, 14 casks Bees Wax, 3330 quarters Wheat, 28 bales Deer skins, 1105 hundred Boar and Oak Planks, 1600 Handspikes and Oars, 27000 Wheel Spokes, 87 tons Logwood, 168 Oak Logs.

The following bill was introduced into the House of Representatives of the United States on the 7th instant.

A BILL,

Repealing the acts laying duties on salt, and continuing in force, for a further time, the first section of the act, entitled "An act further to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States, against the Barbary powers."

Section 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That from and after the first day of July next, so much of any act as lays a duty on imported salt, be, and the same hereby is repealed, and from and after the day aforesaid, salt shall be imported into the United States free of duty.

Section 2. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first day of January next, so much of any act as allows a bounty on exported salted provisions and pickled fish, in lieu of drawback of the duties on the salt employed in curing the same, and so much of any act as makes allowance to the owners and crews of fishing vessels, in lieu of drawback of the duties paid on the salt used by the same, shall be, and the same hereby is repealed.

Section 3. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act, passed on the 25th day of March, 1804, entitled "An act further to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States, against the Barbary powers," as is contained in the first section of the said act, be, and the same hereby is continued in force until the end of the next session of Congress, and no longer.

On motion to strike out the 3d section of the foregoing, the yeas were 20, nays 104. On striking out "salt" in the first section, yeas 12, noes 109.

Married on Monday evening last, by the Rev. Mr. Greenberg RUGELY, Mr. Benjamin L. Price, of St. Mary's county, to the amiable Miss Averilla J. Smith, of Harford county.

With years mature, may This respected pair, sincerely pass The rugged vale of life.

On Sunday evening last, by the reverend Mr. Bunn, Mr. Joseph Clark, to Miss Elizabeth Lyon, both of this place.

On Thursday last, by the reverend John Armstrong, Mr. Independent Gest, to Miss Gest, daughter of col. Gest, near Winchester.

On Thursday last by the reverend Mr. Davis, Mr. James Lee, of this city to Miss Dearly Petest, of Harford county.

Extract of a letter from Bordeaux, dated November 3.

"The present war will produce great changes in Europe. I should not be surprised to see the kingdom of Poland re-organized at the expense of Prussia, Russia and Austria; but if the latter takes no part in the war, she will probably receive an indemnity for the part of Poland now in her possession. The King of Prussia will, in all likelihood, be obliged to give up Brandenburg, and retire beyond the river Vistula."

A British ship bound to Buenos Ayres, has been captured by the French privateer Le Cassart, and arrived at Brest on the 14th of October. The cargo, valued at two millions of livres, was taken out, and the ship sunk. The crew, 60 in number, arrived at Brest.

Charleston paper.

The Senate of Virginia have negatived the proposition of the House of Delegates for consulting the people as to the call of a convention.

CONGRESS.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Tuesday, January 6.

Mr. Early called for the order of the day on the bill providing for the punishment of certain crimes against the U. States.

Mr. Eppes moved to re-commit the bill to a select committee. After some argument, the question was taken on postponing the bill till tomorrow, which was disagreed to. Yeas 44—Noes 61.—Mr. Eppes then offered his motion to discharge the committee of the whole from the further consideration of the bill. This was opposed by Mr. Dawson; when the question was put on discharging the committee of the whole from the further consideration of the bill, and passed in the negative—yeas 50—noes 50—the speaker declaring himself in the negative.

Wednesday, January 7.

The House resumed the consideration of the report of the committee of the whole on the bill to prohibit the importation or bringing of slaves into the U. States, after the 31st of December, 1807.

Mr. Early, after some preliminary remarks offered the following amendment:—In all actions, suits, or informations, which shall be brought under the 3d, 4th and 5th sections of this act the burden of proof shall lie on the claimant, or party sued or prosecuted, where probable cause is shown for the seizure or prosecution, to be judged of by the court before whom the seizure or prosecution shall be tried.

After a few remarks from different members, this amendment was agr. edo.

Mr. Bidwell moved to amend the third section which prohibits the forfeiture of any vessel, importing persons of color into a state where slavery is permitted, together with her cargo—by striking out the word "cargo."

The Yeas and Nays were called on this amendment, and were—Yeas 39—Nays 77.

Mr. Bidwell moved to add a proviso to the end of the 7th section, of the following tenor: "Provided that no person shall be sold as a slave by virtue of this act."

On this amendment a debate of considerable interest arose.

Messrs. Barker, Fidelity, Quincy, Vanom, Smith, Conrad, Sloan, Chandler, Bidwell, Belinger, Southard and Fisk supported; and Messrs J. Clay, Alston and Early opposed the amendment.

The question was taken on the amendment by yeas and nays, which were yeas 60—nays 60. The Speaker having declared himself in the negative, the amendment was lost.

On motion of Mr. Pitkin, the authority given to the Secretary of the Treasury to remit fines and forfeitures was struck out—Yeas 74.

Several other amendments were made in the details of the bill, when it was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading to-morrow—Yeas 74.

LETTER-BAGS

Remaining at the Merchants' Coffee-House: Powhatan, Amst rdam, in all this month. Riving Sun, do. do. L. vely Nan, do. do. Sally, do. do. Der Friede, Bremen, do. do. Stratford, do. do. Iella, do. do. George R. Albert, Hamburg, do. General Meccer, Rotterdam, do.

Marine Intelligence.

PORT of BALTIMORE.

ENTERED, Sch'r Ethan Allen, M'Combs, St. Bartholomews Federal Geage, Field, B'lon

From the Merchants' Coffee-House Books.

Arrived, Sch'r Ethan Allen, M'Combs, 28 days from St. Thomas—Sugar—Ambrose Clarke—Left there, 18th December, schooner Superior, Forbes, of Baltimore. The ship George, Dyer, Watts, of Baltimore, failed for Turk's Island the day before. December 28, lat. 33 1/2 long. 34. spoke ship Thomas, for Philadelphia; off the capes, schooner Rthy, from St. Vincents for New-York. In the bay, brig Mercury, from St. Thomas for Alexandria.

Alto, sch'r N. S. Shock, 21 days from Point Petre, Guad. Sugar—the master. Left there, brig Betsey, Weller, of Baltimore, and a number of others, names not recollecte. Five days since, to the eastward of the Gulph, spoke brig Eliza-Ann, Thompson, from Baltimore for Martinique. Saw nothing in the bay.

Nassau, N. P. Dec. 12.—The ship Penelope Surget, bound from New-York, for Havana and captured by the ship of war Favorite, was tried in the Admiralty court the 9th inst. and the ship, cargo and private adventures ordered to be restored to the claimants, except that part of the cargo shipped by George Barnwell, and Hall and Huil.

Arrived, ship Paragon, Robinson, from Jamaica for Norfolk, in dire's; sch'r Betsey, Jenkins, Savannah—Cleared, brig Henry, Warren, N. Orleans; sch'r Molly, Clark, George town.

The cargo, fails and rigging of the sch. Sea-Flower, Fitch, from Jamaica and Havana to N. York, ashore on Florida reef, have been saved and arrived here.

December 15.—The wreck of the sch'r Potomack, which has been missing since the 3d hurricane, was fallen in with on the Seal Bank on the 17th inst. deserted by the crew, who got on Green Key in safety.

December 19.—Cleared, sch'r Victory, Bishop New-Orleans.

Philadelphia, January 11.

ARRIVED, Brig Sally, Brown, Marfettes, in 68 days; sch'r's Philip, Shoemaker, New-York; Ranger, Berry, Boston, in 74 days; Trial, Foster, Boston, in 10 days; William Davis, Cullen, do. in 13 days.

The Atlantic, Mayville, Feivider, Isabella, &c lay wind bound at Marcus Hook, Saturday morning last.

Norfolk, January 6.

Arrived, Ship Eleanor, Lord, 67 days from Cadix, in lat 22 long. 68, spoke ship Eliza, Shirley, 14 days from Barbados, bound to Norfolk. Sch'r James, Waughop, 14 days from Bermuda.

December 28th, off Cape Henry, spoke a brig from Guadeloupe, bound to Norfolk. Ship Fame, Howland, 3 days from Newbedford.

The brig Nancy, Powers, 26 days from Jamaica—Left there discharging their cargoes, the ship Four Friends, Phillips, of Philadelphia, and the brig Tarna, Mitchell, of New-York.—On the 17th ultimo, was captured by a French privateer and plundered of some provisions and a considerable part of our clothing, being then in sight of Cape Antonio.

The sch'r Sea Flower, Swain, 12 days from New York.

Vessels detained at Bermuda, December 18, 1806.

Ships Eliza, Harton, Newburyport; Titus, Cushing, New York; brig Virginia, Hill, Norfolk; Ann & Francis, Gifford, New York; sch'r's Intrepid, Sutter, Philadelphia; Aspasia, Peck, trial in 3 days (cleared.)

Entered, ship Jane, Evans, City Point; brig Nancy, Muray, Liverpool; Nancy, Powers, Jamaica; sch'r James, Waughop, Bermuda. Cleared, schooners Charming Betsey, Murray, St. Lucia; Huldah and Anna, Fitzhugh, New York.

Charleston, January 1.

ARRIVED.

Sloop Republican, Dennison, Savannah, in 1 day; sch'r Hitam, Valentine, Georgetown in 3 days; sch'r Jolly Sailor, Pugh, Elizabeth, in 27 days; sch'r Lucy, Allan, Montserrat, in 18 days; sch'r Guillemi, Witham, Beaufort, in 1 day.

Cleared, ship George Augustus, Jackson, Liverpool; ship Agnes, Lunce, Philadelphia; brig Carolina, Flagg, New-Orleans; brig Venus, Hildreth, New-York; brig Plough Boy, Rich, Havana; brig Experiment, Bockius, Philadelphia; sch'r John Henr., Lecato, Havana; sch'r Eliza-Ann, Pierce, St. Augustine.

Capt. Dennison, spoke the ship Argoer, capt. Warren, last evening, bound into Savannah, 16 days from Bolton.

At an adjourned annual meeting of the New Market Fire Company, held at Chamberlain's tavern, Western Precincts, on Saturday, the 10th instant, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

EBENEZER FINLEY, President. PETER LITTLE, First Vice-President. WILLIAM KREBS, Second do. CHARLES BOHN, Treasurer.

L. FRAILEY, Sec'y.

DIRECTORS.

Richard Seabrooks, William Hayward, John Stouffer, George Gundy, John Dillon, W. W. Taylor, Samuel Cole, Adam W. Ish, Moses Hand, Abraham Pyke

LANEMEN.

Asahel Hussey, Alexander Thompson, Samuel Howard, James Horton

ENGINEERS.

Christian Baum, Samuel Wolf, Michael Kimmel

HOSEMEN.

Peter Pollard, James Hades, Nich. O. Ridgely, George Hennick, John D. Reed, Peter Fowble, Elisha Bailey, Jacob Myers, Thomas Kalbraith, Patrick Caughy

AXEMEN.

Marshal English, George Reynolds, Peter Hedges, Bennet Kirk

LADDERMEN.

Henry Winters, William B. Lupton, Henry Myers, Joseph Castle, Humphrey Sanders, Robert Cummins

HOOKMEN.

George Myers, Jacob Newman, John Brackin, George Dwtrow, George Speake, Anth. Hitzelberger

PROPERTYMEN.

David Harris, John Reese, William Meredith, Andrew M'Coy, Michael Warner

PROPERTY GUARDS.

Daniel Lammot, Gunning S. Bedford, John Hayward, Abraham Booth, Beale Israel, Notice server.

Sale by Auction.

THIS DAY, The 14th inst. at 12 o'clock, at the end of Bowly's wharf will be sold, 90 hhd. Muscovado SUGAR. VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auct'rs.

Sale by Auction.

TO-MORROW-MORNING, At half past 10 o'clock, at the venue warehouse, at the corner of Second and Frederick streets, will commence the sale of A Variety of Dry Goods; And at 12 o'clock, THE GROCERIES, &c. Consisting of A quantity of good Muscovado Sugar, Coffee, Brandy, Rum, Wine, Raisins, Prunes, A choice parcel of Teas, Bottled Porter, &c AND 5,000 bushels fine Salt. THOMAS CHASE, Auct'.

January 14

BUTTER.

FIFTY firkins Pennsylvania BUTTER, of an excellent quality and in fine shipping order, just received and for sale by JOHN SPERRY, Smith's wharf, do.

January 14

Forensic Society.

THE Society will meet next Saturday evening at half past 6 o'clock, at the Pantheon, and will discuss the following question: Are riches hostile to republics? Admittance 12 1/2 cents.

January 14

Phoenix Fire Office of London, SECOND-STREET.

ATTENDANCE is given at this office daily from 9 o'clock in the morning, until 5 in the afternoon, for the purpose of receiving orders for insurance on Houses, Buildings, Ships in Harbor, Goods, Wares and Merchandise, &c. from loss or damage by fire. The danger at this season of the year is so considerable, and the rates of premium demanded by the Company so moderate, as to bear no proportion to the uneasiness which those who have large property uninsured must feel. For the convenience of Merchants who may have property in two or more distinct buildings, the same may be insured in one sum, on terms which may be known at the office. And on single risks of the first class the sum of 40,000 dollars can be insured. Orders will be made out agreeably to the Company's directions, and property examined free of charge.

January 14

A Maid Servant,

HEALTHY and active, and acquainted with house work generally, would be purchased, and a liberal price given, if one of such description can be well recommended. Apply to the printer.

Jan. 14



(By Authority.)

AN ACT

Making appropriations for the support of the navy of the United States, during the year one thousand eight hundred and seven.

Be it enacted by the senate and house of Representatives of the United States of America, in congress assembled, That for defraying the expenses of the navy of the United States, during the year one thousand eight hundred and seven, the following sums be, and the same hereby are, respectively appropriated, that is to say:

For the pay and subsistence of the officers and pay of the seamen, two hundred and ninety six thousand and forty-eight dollars:

For provisions, one hundred and twenty thousand eight hundred & fifty dollars and three cents:

For medicines, instruments and hospital stores, five thousand dollars:

For repairs of vessels, one hundred and ninety thousand two hundred and eight dollars, and sixty seven cents:

For freight, store rent, commissions to agents, and other contingent expenses seventy-five thousand dollars:

For pay and subsistence of the marine corps, including provisions for those on shore, and forage for the staff, seventy-eight thousand six hundred and seventy-eight dollars and thirty cents:

For clothing for the same, fourteen thousand three hundred and sixty dollars:

For military stores for the same, five hundred and sixty dollars:

For medicine, medical services, hospital stores, and all other expenses on account of the sick belonging to the marine corps, one thousand one hundred and fifty dollars:

For quarter master's and barrack master's stores, officers travelling expenses, armourer's and carpenter's bills, fuel, premium for enlisting, musical instruments, bounty to music and other contingent expenses, eight thousand one hundred and forty-five dollars:

For the expence of navy yard, comprising docks and other improvements, pay of superintendants, store keepers, clerks and laborers, sixty thousand dollars:

Section 2. And be it further enacted, That the several sums herein specially appropriated shall be paid out of any monies in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

NATHL. MACON,

Speaker of the house of Representatives.

GEO. CLINTON,

Vice-president of the United S. and president of the Senate.

January 7, 1807.

Approved. TH. JEFFERSON.

Five Dollars Reward

WAS Lost on Saturday morning last, between St. Paul's Lane and the west end of Market street, or in Hanover-street, a Lady's Gold Watch Case. It is handsomely engraved on the back, and cyphered A. M. T.—The finder shall receive the above reward by delivering the case at the office of the American.

January 14

Baltimore and Reister's Town TURNPIKE ROAD COMPANY.

Notice.

THE president and managers require the payment of the fourth and last instalment of five dollars on each share of stock, on Monday the 16th day of March next.

Payment will be received at the Union Bank of Maryland. By order of the board of managers, J. LEWIS WAMPLER, Sec'y.

January 14

The Subscriber

INTENDS applying to the judges of Baltimore county court, two months from this date, for the benefit of the last insolvent law, to release him from all debts, as well individuals as those contracted by the firm of John G. & C. Beck, which misfortunes enable him to discharge.

JOHN G. BECK.

Jan. 14

STOLEN

AWAY from Messrs. Alexander, Webster and Co's. door, a small Grey HORSE, Saddle and Bridle—the Thief and Horse were seen in Gay and Market-streets yesterday evening. If the horse and thief are taken up and brought to No. 60, High-street, Old-Towr, a liberal reward will be given, by

JAMES C. DEW.

January 13

The Subscriber

Has just received a Cargo of 150 tons of Plaster of Paris; Which he offers for sale.

JOHN BIFADON.

January 13

Wanted,

A HEAD MILLER, One that can converse well and understand the nature of the business, will be paid of 14 dollars per month on application at this office.

January 14