

proclamation is republished from it, merely to show the course of things there. The reader will perceive that it does not offer any reward for the apprehension of Burr, &c. as we had been informed.

### A Proclamation,

By William Charles Cole Claiborne, Governor of the Territory of Orleans, and Commander in Chief of the Militia thereof.

WHEREAS I have received information that certain persons are combining and confederating in a traitorous project to subvert the authority of the government of the United States over a portion of the territories thereof, and to invade the dominions of the king of Spain, a Prince in amity with the United States; I have thought proper to issue this my proclamation, hereby solemnly cautioning the citizens of this Territory against entering into, or in any manner countenancing the conspiracy aforesaid; and that no one may remain ignorant of the fatal consequences which may await the parties concerned, I do now make it known, that the law of the United States declares, "That if any person or persons, owing allegiance to the United States of America, shall levy war against them, or shall adhere to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort within the United States or elsewhere, and shall be thereof convicted, on confession in open court, or on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act of the treason whereof he or they shall stand indicted, such person or persons, shall be adjudged guilty of treason against the United States, and shall suffer death."—And that "If any person or persons having knowledge of the commission of any of the treasons aforesaid, shall conceal, and not as soon as may be, disclose and make known the same to the President of the United States, or to some one of the judges thereof, or to the President or Governor of a particular State, or to some one of the judges or justices thereof, such person or persons, on conviction, shall be adjudged guilty of misprison of treason, and shall be imprisoned not exceeding seven years, and fined not exceeding one thousand dollars."

And I do further make it known, That the law of the United States also declares, "That if any person shall, within the territory or jurisdiction of the United States, begin, or set on foot, or provide, or prepare the means for any military expedition or enterprise, to be carried on from thence against the territory or dominions of any foreign Prince or State, with whom the United States are at peace, every such person so offending shall, upon conviction, be adjudged guilty of a High Misdemeanor, and shall suffer fine and imprisonment, at the discretion of the Court in which the conviction shall be had, so as that such fine shall not exceed three thousand dollars, nor the term of imprisonment be more than three years."

Given at New-Orleans, on the 16th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and six, and of the Sovereignty and independence of the United States the thirty-fifth.

In testimony whereof, I have underwritten my name, and caused the public seal to be hereunto annexed.

W. C. CLAIBORNE, GOV. OF THE TERRITORY OF ORLEANS.  
R. CLAIBORNE, Sec. Pro Tem.

### COMMUNICATED.

In the death of William S. Sumners, late clerk of the court of oyer and terminer and gaol delivery, society has to lament the loss of a most amiable man, and very faithful officer. He fell a victim in the flower of life to a complaint in the breast, contracted by an application too arduous to the duties of his office.

The court has filled the vacancy occasioned by Mr. Sumners' death by the appointment of Thomas Harwood, who has conducted the business of the office for the last year. The public may well be congratulated on this election, as Mr. Harwood is a gentleman of amiable manners, of unexceptionable character, and perfectly accomplished in the duties of a clerk. By this appointment the court has done itself honor, and given universal satisfaction.

From the Washington Federalist of Jan. 24.

On Thursday evening arrived in Washington, doctor Boltman and Mr. Swartout, who were taken into custody by general Wilkinson, at Orleans, on suspicion of being concerned in Burr's conspiracy, and were by the general forwarded to the seat of government for examination. They are now in safe keeping at the marine barracks, in separate rooms, and are not we are told, permitted to converse together except in the presence of an officer. We further learn, that yesterday, in the circuit court for the district of Columbia, the district attorney, Mr. Jones, moved that a warrant should issue against those two gentlemen, that they might be brought before the civil authority, as he was anxious that the prisoners should not continue an hour under illegal arrest. The court took the motion under advisement, and will, it is believed, decide upon it this day.

Since the above was in type, we learn that Mr. Caldwell moved the court this day for a writ of Habeas Corpus. Mr. Jones supported the motion, and Mr. Jones, the district attorney, opposed it. The court decided against the motion at present; for the want of proof and unduly of imprisonment; and orders for commitment.

Just as this paper was going to press, we received the following: That the court, before they adjourned, upon the affidavit of Mr. Caldwell, allowed a writ of habeas corpus to issue for Mr. Swartout, returnable on Monday at one o'clock. Dr. Boltman was at this time at the President's making important communications, and it is probable he would have been included in the writ.

The bill for building a bridge over the Potomac has been the subject of discussion from Monday till yesterday, and is yet undecided. The members of the house of representatives so generally attended the debates of the senate, that little business, and that of an unimportant nature, has been transacted in the house.

The senate sat with closed doors, yesterday. Rumour declares the subject of the discussion to be a motion for suspending the writ of Habeas Corpus.

The following French ships of war were at anchor in Cadiz Bay, Nov. 23, watching an opportunity to slip to sea.—Le Heros, admiral Rosily; Le Algeziras, M. Martinique; Le Neptune, M. Bourdette; Le Pluton, M. Bourde; La Argouaute, M. Bixot; La Carnelle, (frigate) M. Mallet. They are blockaded by Admiral Collingwood.

A letter from Cadiz, dated Nov. 21, says that ships from the U. S. can now discharge and load in quarantine—the blockade not so strict of late; and in case of impediment, Algeziras or Argouaute offer advantages equal to that market—nothing doing in the way of business.

PRICES.—Flour 11 dolls. quick—Rice 7 dolls. quick—Wax 50 dolls. quick—Pipe staves 93 dolls. slack—Tobacco 11 dolls. 99 cts. slack—Indian Corn 2 dolls. 50 cts. per help'd fanega, in demand.

"Nothing doing in colonial produce."  
"Exch. London 41 per cent. dollar."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman at Wheeling in Virginia, dated January 4th, 1807.

"In this part of the country, no man would risk his reputation, by vindicating what among you is considered to be Burr's object. Among the leading characters in Kentucky, it is believed such a plan would find some adherents. Can any plan be more ridiculous than an attempt to seize N. Orleans, when the whole country above would be ready in a moment to march for its recapture? Burr cannot take it without the assistance of some foreign power. What power at this time can render him any assistance? None but England.—And she, we have no reason to suppose, will do it."

The following is the concluding part of the President's communication to Congress. It should have appeared in our extra sheet of Saturday—but on making that up for the press, it was found that it would not come within the compass of the page; whereupon we concluded it best to omit this paragraph in preference to any other part of the message. The letters, &c. referred to, were published in the extra.

By letters from general Wilkinson of the 14th and 18th of December, which came to hand two days after the date of the resolution of the House of Representatives, that is to say, on the morning of the 18th inst. I received the important affidavit, a copy of which I now communicate, with extracts of so much of the letters as comes within the scope of the resolution. By these it will be seen that of three of the principal emissaries of Mr. Burr, whom the general had caused to be apprehended, one had been liberated by Habeas Corpus, and two others, being those particularly employed in the endeavor to corrupt the General and army of the U. S. have been embarked by him for ports in the Atlantic States, probably on the consideration that an impartial trial could not be expected during the present agitation of New-Orleans, and that that city was not as yet a safe place of confinement. As soon as these persons shall arrive, they will be delivered to the custody of the law, and left to such course of trial, both as to place and process, as its functionaries may direct. The presence of the highest judicial authorities, to be assembled at this place within a few days, the means of pursuing a sounder course of proceedings here than elsewhere, and the aid of the Executive means, should the judges have occasion to use them, render it equally desirable for the criminal, as for the public, that, being already removed from the place where they were first apprehended, the first regular arrest should take place here, and the course of proceedings receive here their proper direction.

TH: JEFFERSON.  
January 22, 1807.

Extract of a letter, dated New-Orleans, 24th December.

"This place is at present agitated with the greatest apprehension, from the daily expected descent of Burr and his army from the Western Country.—Every thing here has assumed a military appearance.—Business is entirely suspended."

"Our only prospect of salvation is the faint hope that Burr will be arrested in the Western Country before he sets out, as we have no means of opposing him here."

Extract of letters from Wood's Court House, Virginia, December 26.

"Little doubt now remains but that the revolution of the whole Western Country, is contemplated by Burr; and it is acknowledged by the warm advocates of British policy (I mean the whole information on the subject is probably greater than any person's in this country) that England is at the bottom of the enterprise. Mr. Blannerhaffet, with Comfort Tyler, and a considerable number of young men, made their escape at the hour of midnight five days previous to the receipt of the President's proclamation, which was detained a week at Sandy's through the treachery of the mail carrier."

"Mr. Blannerhaffet has since followed Mr. B. with a number of young gentlemen, physicians, &c. who were arrested at this place, tried, and acquitted for want of evidence, though at this time we have every proof necessary for conviction."

"December 26.  
"We all have rumors of war. Admiral Blannerhaffet made his escape about the 15th inst. having been joined by Mr. Tyler about the 18th—they started by 1 o'clock, well informed about midnight, with four boats and four military pilots. A few days after two of Capt. Dancy's boats with a number of passengers, including the general, and shortly after another large boat, a

gaily fixed off with rooms, chimneys, &c. with a number of young gentlemen from Pittsburg arrived at the island and were seized by the Wood County citizens, tried by Mr. Wolf and Kin-haire and acquitted—these young gentlemen took Mrs. Blannerhaffet and her children on board and pursued the Squadron. There is no doubt but these young men are of Mr. Burr's party. I was at Pittsburg a short time previous to their setting off. It was there laid that Mr. Nevil, Mr. Butler, &c. who were in this boat, were appointed to officers in this expedition.

N.B. Peter Law Blannerhaffet is safe near the mouth of Kentucky. It appears both by Stiffner's report, and the letters sent back by him, which were taken from him in Ohio late, and forwarded here to Colonel Phelps, that Mr. D. Woodbridge is one of Blannerhaffet's great friends by this packet, and General Trupper. It is said they both have been active in assisting him to escape. Mr. Chapman has lately displayed acts of zeal and bravery in an attack of this Pittsburg boat, becoming a good officer."

Another letter dated Newport, December 26th, states, that the author had pursued Blannerhaffet one hundred miles, but could not overtake him.

[From a Jamaica paper, of Dec. 6.]  
By a Capt. Nelson, arrived at New-York from the Havana, it appears that a Spanish packet had anchored at Trinidad in Cuba, bringing accounts that East and West Florida had been ceded by Spain to France, and afterwards by France to the United States; also, that the island of Cuba had been ceded by Spain to France, on Bonaparte agreeing to reinstate the King of Naples on his throne.

We understand, that in consequence of the cession of Cuba to France, as mentioned in the above paragraph, the Governor of the Havana, has made a proposal to the Government of this island (which has been communicated here by the way of New-Providence), to deliver up to the British immediately, on a sufficient force being sent for the purpose, the island of Cuba, and all Spanish and French vessels of every description, lying in the different ports, bays, &c. of that Colony.

JUST OPENING  
And for Sale by the Subscriber,  
DR. SOLOMON'S  
Cordial Balm of Gilead,  
ANTI-IMPURITIES,  
GUIDE TO HEALTH, &c.

FROM Robt. Bach & Co sole agents for the United States—with a general assignment of Druggs, Patent Medicines, &c. warranted genuine and of the first quality.

Alle, Prussian Blues, from No. 1 to 3, of the first qualities and at reduced prices—and  
Mephitic Air Machines, very handsome and low; Glass Furniture, &c. of all sizes, for sale wholesale and retail, by  
JAMES HANNA,  
102, Baltimore-street.  
January 26, 1807

To the Public.

THE Subscriber, who has been employed by several respectable characters of this city, for the purpose of arranging and clearing up accounts of Co-partnerships, Advertisements, &c. having, examining and balancing Books of Accounts, takes this method of offering his services to, and of informing the public that he has opened an Office for the purposes stated. It is needless here to enumerate the many advantages to be derived from such an institution, as they are self evident both to the merchant and the tradesman; particularly to those who from multiplicity of business or other causes suffer accounts to remain undigested and unsettled.

Captains of vessels and supercargoes will, in some cases, find it their interest to apply to the subscriber for the purpose of having their accounts arranged previous to their being presented to their employers.

Accounts belonging to the estates of deceased or insolvent persons, dissolved co-partnerships, &c. fairly and accurately stated.

Satisfactory references and proofs of the subscriber's abilities to perform what he undertakes will be given, if required, to such gentlemen as may have occasion for his services and will favor him with employment.  
H. O. HERBERT,  
No. 6, North Calvert-street, directly opposite the Mechanics' Bank.  
N.B. Writings of every description neatly and accurately copied.  
Dec. 22, 1807

Just Received  
From Martinique and Guadaloupe,  
SIXTY hds. SUGAR, of good quality, and entitled to drawback on exportation, and for sale by  
BRISCOE & PARTRIDGE,  
Bowly's wharf.  
January 24, 1807

The Drawing  
OF the German Evangelical Reformed Church Lottery, will commence at Myers' Hotel, in Market-street, on Monday next, the 26th instant, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.  
January 24, 1807

Mechanics' Bank of Baltimore,  
JANUARY 23, 1807.  
THE Books for the transfer of Stock will be closed during the month of February, and the Stockholders are informed that on application at the Bank, on or after the 25th of the said month, they will be furnished with their certificates.  
D. A. SMITH, Cashier.  
January 24, 1807

OBSERVE  
THE Drawing of St. Paul's Parish Lottery will commence, agreeably to the advertisement of the managers, at 3 o'clock, P. M. on Tuesday next, the 27th inst. at Peck's Hotel, No. 171, Market-street.  
By order,  
SAMUEL VINCENT, Clerks to the MANAGERS.  
January 24, 1807

FOR SALE  
A FEW thousand bushels of good quality for SALE, at No. 27, Balgoon-street, Baltimore.  
January 24, 1807

### Marine Intelligence.

Boston, January 19.  
Arrived, sloop Charles, Lincoln, Malaga via Gibraltar 4th days.—Left at Malaga, ship Washington, Richards, of New-York, taking in cargo. At Gibraltar, ship Two Brothers, Chandler, Tunisian ambassador and suite on board, waiting for the U. S. frigate Constitution to convey them; brig Rover, Gardner, of Philadelphia; sloop Mindwell, Bull. Spoke, Dec. 21, lat. 25, long. 61, a sloop either vessel or master's name Oliver, 23 days from New-Haven for Grenada—had lost twenty head of Stock. Jan. 3, lat. 33, long. 69, ship Phoenix, 3 days from N. York. Captain Lincoln, on his passage out, within a few days of Malaga, was boarded by a set of rascals (supposed to be Spaniards) without colors, who robbed him of every thing they could lay their hands upon.

Erig Truxton, Jones, Kingston, 26 days—sugar and molasses—(the Truxton took her cargo at Havana, and on her passage home was taken and sent into Jamaica.)  
Sch. Ranger, Salter, Demerara, 40 days.  
Cleared—ships Performance, Glazier, Rotterdam; Vigilant, Collins, Havana; Grace, Linzee, Leghorn; barque Apollo, Walker, Liverpool; brig Trident, Foster, Havana; Eunice, Ruffel, Bay of Honduras.

Coasters—Arrived, sloop Sally, Cleveland, Charleston, 9; Jeremiah, Beane, Wilmington, N. C. 8; Hornet, Burges, do.—Cleared, Eunice and Sally, Hawes, New-Orleans.

New-York, January 22.  
Arrived, ship Milford, Morgan, from Amsterdam via Cork and Newport.

The swift sloop Nimrod, Andrews, 22 days from Point Peare, (Guad.) The brig Betty, sailed 4 days before for this port. Left ship Commerce, in 6 days for New-York; brig Elizabeth, in 5 days; and Susan, for do.

The sloop Margaret-Tinge, Newcomb, 29 days from St. Pierre, (Mart.)  
The brig which appeared in the Offing on Tuesday, is said to belong to Philadelphia, and without anchors or cables.

Below last night, a schooner from the southward. Several vessels went to sea yesterday with a northwester. The Governor Gilman, and other ships will sail early this morning.

Cleared, ship Erato, Burney Leghorn; William, Ranson, Newry; brig Commerce, McIntire, Greenock.

Arrived, the British sloop Brothers Adventure, M'Heron, 30 days from Halifax.  
The brig Luna, Starr, from Savannah for N. York, has arrived at New-London on her way down.

Cleared, sloop Merchants Favorite, Moncrieff, Jamaica; Frederickstadt, Moffet, St. Thomas; sloop Aurora, Travis, West Port; Mary Ann, Gilford, do; Sally and Ann, Church, Bristol; Hunters, Holmes, Newport; Alice, Reynolds, North Kingston.

We copy the following interesting articles from a file of Jamaica papers to the 20th ultimo, received by the brig Generous Friend:—

KINGSTON, December 6 to 13.  
6. The Anson frigate of 40 guns, capt. Ledgard; the Arethusa, 38, capt. Brisbane; and the Latona of 26 guns, captain Wood, sailed from Port Royal on Saturday morning, for the purpose we understand, of taking possession of the Dutch island of Curacao.

We understand, by recent accounts from Carracas, that among the French troops lately landed there from the imperial brig Austerlitz, and a schooner, are 250 cannoneers and four French general officers; and that the government were thrown into considerable greater consternation from this unexpected reinforcement than they were at the coming of Miranda, conceiving it was the first step of the French government to gain possession of that country.

13. The Cleopatra frigate of 32 guns, capt. Love, put into Port Royal on Monday, having sprung her bowsprit. She had detained, and sent into Tortola, the American schooners Cameleon and Lively, bound from St. Domingo to St. Thomas with coffee.

The American brig Mary, Daly from St. Jago de Cuba for Philadelphia, with coffee, sugar, &c. put into Port Royal on Tuesday in distress, having lost both her masts in a gale of wind, about 25 leagues to windward of the east end of this island, on Friday se'night, on which day she was boarded by a French privateer schooner of 4 guns and 80 men, and treated politely. She had an English captured schooner in company.

Sale by Auction,  
TO-MORROW MORNING,  
The 27th instant, at 10 o'clock, at our auction-room, head of Frederick-street dock, will commence the sale of  
A Variety of Dry Goods;  
And at 12 o'clock,  
48 hds. Muscovado Sugar,  
33 boxes white Havana do.,  
6 piped Bordeaux Brandy,  
11 punches Ham,  
75 bags Coffee.

Also,  
An invoice of GOODS, received per Phoenix consisting of  
380 sheets 50 at London Copper,  
1 cast Nails,  
68 pieces Russia and Russia Do.,  
1 bale Curran's,  
1 do. Robertson's, &c.  
VAN WYCK & DORSEY, Auctioneers.  
January 26, 1807

Forensic Society.  
Baltimore, Jan. 22, 1807.  
THE Society met, agreeably to appointment at the Phoenix, and discussed the subject in a learned, facetious and interesting manner, hono- rous, with the presence of a number of respectable ladies & gentlemen, on deciding the question—Ought Soldiers to be taxed? In the negative; they adjourned to meet in the same place on Saturday evening next, at half past six o'clock, in order to discuss the following questions:—1. Is it lawful to commence an action? 2. The debate to commence at 7 o'clock. Tickets 25 cents each—to be had at the door.

N. B. Should the money received in the above exceed the necessary expenses, the surplus will be appropriated to a charitable purpose.

Thos. & Saml. Hollingsworth,  
HAVE FOR SALE,  
100 hds. Muscovado Sugar,  
200 hds. Cayed ditto,  
Cologne Millstones, various sizes,  
Baling Cloths, different qualities,  
January 26, 1807

For sale by the subscriber,  
100 casks Claret Wine, with 4 iron hoops,  
2 bales Vantepacon Handkerchiefs,  
2 ditto Madras ditto,  
1 ditto Cambric Linnen,  
400 boxes best Spanish Segars,  
40,000 wt. first quality Coffee,  
40 acres first quality Flax-Intigo,  
20,000 wt. Laguna, first quality, Cocos,  
100 bales West India Cotton.  
The whole entitled to drawback.  
Also on hand,  
50 pipes Cogniac Brandy, (imported better than one year, 4th proof.)  
Sweet Oil, in baskets, large bottles,  
Red and White Claret, in boxes.  
F. A. GUESTIER,  
January 26, 1807

Notice is hereby given,  
THAT the subscriber intends applying to the judges of Baltimore county court, (two months from the date hereof,) for the benefit of an act of insolvency, passed at November session, 1805, entitled, an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors.  
JOHN YOUNG,  
January 26, 1807

The Subscriber  
WISHES to dispose of his Stock of Lumber now on hand, likewise, a quantity of excellent Plaster of Paris, at his Lumber Yard, corner of Liberty and Fayette streets.— He requests all persons indebted to him for Lumber, to settle their accounts without delay, and those having claims against him to present their accounts for payment.  
JNO. BANKSON,  
January 26, 1807

This is to give notice,  
THAT the subscriber hath obtained from the Orphans' court of Baltimore county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Daniel Bower, late of said county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at or before the 24th day of August next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 24th day of January, eighteen hundred and seven.  
MARY BOWER, Adm'x.  
Of Daniel Bower.  
January 26, 1807

Surprising Agility.

MR. MANFREDI,  
And his company, consisting of five performers—three ladies and two gentlemen. Offer their services to the public, and respectfully inform them that their next performance will be  
THIS EVENING, Jan. 26,  
At Mr. Dryden's New Assembly Room.  
The performance will commence with  
A Spanish Dance,  
By the Little American.

DANCING ON THE TIGHT ROPE.  
A Dance in character with the Balcon Polse, by Miss Louisa.  
Miss Catherine will dance an Italian dance on the Rope, after which she will Dance a serious one.

A GROTESQUE DANCE,  
By Madam Manfredi. The Moving Bostid. She will dance La Pour Lana on the rope, with the balance pole; and play a handsome air on the Mandoline, on the Rope, without the Balance Pole.

THE COSSACK DANCE.  
Mr. Manfredi will dance with a Boy on his shoulders. He will give a Colation on the Rope, to two persons. Without the Balance Pole, he will go through several feats with the Hoop. Likewise  
GRAND MILITARY EVOLUTIONS, &c.  
Mr. Manfredi will perform the Drunken Dragon on the Rope.

The Clowns will divert the Company with comic capers.  
—Tumbling agility of the Children, who will perform several feats on the Carpet, in the Italian style.  
Extraordinary feats of the Tumblers, who will throw backward and forward Sovereigns over Tables and Chairs. Ground Tumbling, with English and Spanish Dances.

The Egyptian Pyramids.  
Mr. Manfredi will balance several persons on his Arms, Legs, &c. showing several perspectives in the Roman style.  
He will dance a Spanish fandango over several Eggs.  
The whole will conclude with a Grand Farandole, called  
Harlequin Skeleton.

Colombine—Madam Manfredi,  
Clowns—Mr. Manfredi,  
Harlequin—Mr. Yarnall,  
Old Man—Mr. Ferguson,  
Magician—Mr. Minal,  
Whisker—Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain.  
Admission one dollar. The doors to be opened at half past 7 o'clock, and the performance to begin at half past 8.  
—No regard to be had during the performance.  
Good FIRES shall be kept.  
January 26, 1807

NOTICE  
IN consequence of the death of Mr. J. A. C. Cochran, the Executors of his estate and Cochran's wife have agreed to sell the real and personal estate of the said J. A. C. Cochran, and the subscribers of the same will be closed by the subscriber, who continues the DAY BOOK BUSINESS, as heretofore.  
WALTER JENKINS,  
January 26, 1807